Philadelphia University
Faculty of Science Department of Basic Sciences and Mathematics

Calculus 2
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A) Fill in the blanks with the answers

1) The trigonometric substitution that solves the integral $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{4 x^{2}+25}} d x$ is $\qquad$
2) $\int \sec x d x=$ $\qquad$
3) The partial fraction decomposition of $\frac{1}{x^{3}(3 x+2)\left(x^{2}+3\right)^{2}}$ is $\qquad$
4) An appropriate choice of $u$ and $v$ for integration by parts of (Do not evaluate the integral)
$\int \tan ^{-1} x d x \quad u=\quad, v=$
$\boldsymbol{u}=$
, $v=$
$\int\left(x^{2}-2 x\right) \sin x d x$
$\boldsymbol{u}=$
, $v=$
5) Use the indicated substitution to rewrite the integral in terms of $u$ ( Do not evaluate the integral)
$\int(\sin x)^{3}(\cos x)^{2} d x \quad u=\cos x$
6) Write the integrals that will be used to find the following integral
$\int_{-5}^{5} \frac{1}{(x-2)(x+3)} d x$
